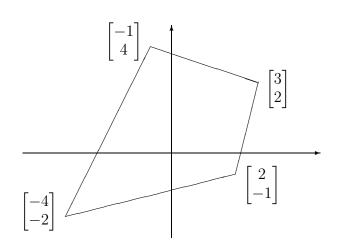
## MTH 1230

## Prof. Alexandru Suciu LINEAR ALGEBRA

Spring 2001

**1.** 12 pts

(a) Compute the area of the region enclosed by the following quadrilateral:



(1)		C + 1	11 1	1.1	.1 .	2
(b)	Compute the	area of the	parallelogram	spanned by	y the vectors	1

$\lceil 2 \rceil$		$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix}$	
2	and	1	
1	and	1	•
3		1	
$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\3\end{bmatrix}$	and	1 1	

- 2. 7 points Let A and B be two 5 × 5 matrices, with det A = 0 and det B = -3.
  (a) Is A invertible? Why, or why not?
  - (b) Is A orthogonal? Why, or why not?
  - (c) Is *B* invertible? Why, or why not?
  - (d) Is B orthogonal? Why, or why not?
  - (e) Compute: det  $(B \cdot A \cdot B) =$
  - (f) Compute: det  $(B^{\top})^3 =$
  - (g) Compute: det(2B) =
- **3.** 8 points Find a 2 × 2 matrix A such that  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$  are eigenvectors of A, with eigenvalues -7 and 3, respectively.

- **4.** 12 points A  $4 \times 4$  matrix A has eigenvalues  $\lambda_1 = -3$ ,  $\lambda_2 = -2$ ,  $\lambda_3 = 1$ ,  $\lambda_4 = 4$ .
  - (a) What is the characteristic polynomial of A?
  - (b) Compute tr(A) and det(A).
  - (c) What are the eigenvalues of  $A^2$ ?
  - (d) Compute  $\operatorname{tr}(A^2)$  and  $\det(A^2)$ .
  - (e) Compute det  $(A + 2I_4)$
  - (f) Is A invertible? If yes, compute det  $(A^{-1})$ . If not, explain why not.
  - (g) Is A diagonalizable? If yes, compute its diagonalization D. If not, explain why not.

- **5.** 12 points Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ .
  - (a) Find the characteristic polynomial of A.

(b) Find the eigenvalues of A.

(c) Find a basis for each eigenspace of A.

(d) Find an invertible matrix S and a diagonal matrix D such that  $A = S \cdot D \cdot S^{-1}$ . [You do not have to calculate  $S^{-1}$ .]