

HOMEWORK 2

1. Let $p: E \rightarrow B$ be a fibration.
 - (a) Show that $p(E)$ is a union of path components of B .
 - (b) Suppose that B is path-connected. Show that any two fibers of p have the same homotopy type.
 - (c) Suppose that B is path-connected, and some fiber of p is path-connected. Show that E is also path-connected.

2. Let $p: E \rightarrow B$ be a fibration. Suppose $f: E \rightarrow X$ and $g: X \rightarrow B$ are maps such that $p = g \circ f$. For parts (a) and (b) below, prove that the stated implication holds, or give a counterexample.
 - (a) If g is injective, then f is a fibration.
 - (b) If f is surjective, then g is a fibration.

3. Let $p: E \rightarrow B$ be a fibration, with path-connected base space B . Choose basepoints $b_0 \in B$ and $e_0 \in F := p^{-1}(b_0)$, and let $i: F \rightarrow E$ be the inclusion map. Show that, for any pointed space (X, x_0) , the sequence of pointed sets

$$[(X, x_0), (F, e_0)] \xrightarrow{i_\#} [(X, x_0), (E, e_0)] \xrightarrow{p_\#} [(X, x_0), (B, b_0)]$$

is exact.

4. Let ΣZ denote the unreduced suspension of a space Z , and let $X * Y$ denote the join of spaces X and Y .
 - (a) Given a continuous map $\phi: X \times Y \rightarrow Z$, show that the function $X \times Y \times I \rightarrow Z \times I$, $(x, y, t) \mapsto (\phi(x, y), t)$ induces a continuous map $h_\phi: X * Y \rightarrow \Sigma Z$.
 - (b) Suppose $\phi: X \times X \rightarrow X$ is a continuous map such that the maps $L_x: X \rightarrow X$, $L_x(y) = xy$ and $R_x: X \rightarrow X$, $R_x(y) = yx$ are homeomorphisms, for all $x \in X$. Show that the map $h_\phi: X * X \rightarrow \Sigma X$ is a bundle projection, with fiber X .
 - (c) Use Part (b) to conclude that the Hopf maps $S^3 \rightarrow S^2$ and $S^7 \rightarrow S^4$ are bundle projections, with fiber S^1 and S^3 , respectively.