

City of Newton, Massachusetts

Department of Planning and Development 1000 Commonwealth Avenue Newton, Massachusetts 02459

Telephone (617) 796-1120 Telefax (617) 796-1142 TDD/TTY (617) 796-1089 www.newtonma.gov

Barney S. Heath Director

MEMORANDUM

DATE: March 24, 2022

TO: Councilor Deborah Crossley, Chair, Zoning & Planning Committee

Members of the Zoning & Planning Committee

FROM: Barney Heath, Director, Department of Planning and Development

Jennifer Caira, Deputy Director Department of Planning and Development

Zachery LeMel, Chief of Long Range Planning

RE: #39-22 Requesting discussion on state guidance for implementing the Housing Choice Bill

> COUNCILOR CROSSLEY on behalf of the Zoning & Planning Committee requesting discussion on state guidance for implementing the Housing Choice element of the MA Economic

Development legislation. (formerly #131-21)

MEETING: March 29, 2022

CC: City Council

Planning Board

Jonathan Yeo, Chief Operating Officer

Alissa O. Giuliani, City Solicitor

Introduction

At the upcoming Zoning and Planning Committee (ZAP) meeting on March 29, 2023, Utile and Planning staff will present an analysis testing the Version 1.0 Village Center Overlay District (VCOD) for MBTA Communities Compliance. The conversation will focus on:

- **Background on MBTA Communities**
- Requirements/Guidelines Specific to Newton
- The Compliance Model
- Version 1.0 VCOD Compliance Model Results
- Possible Paths Towards MBTA Compliance
- **Next Steps**

Background on MBTA Communities

In January 2021, Governor Baker signed an omnibus economic development package, An Act Enabling Partnerships for Growth (the "Act"), which notably included the Housing Choice zoning reforms. The Act included a new multi-family zoning requirement for MBTA communities (Section 3A), which Newton is one of, where at least one zoning district of reasonable size permits multi-family housing by-right meeting the following criteria:

- Minimum gross density of 15 units per acre
- Not more than 0.5 miles from a commuter rail station, subway station, ferry terminal or bus station
- No age restrictions
- Suitable for families with children

The Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) issued final guidelines on August 10, 2022 to determine if an MBTA community is in compliance with Section 3A. Revised guidelines were provided on 10/21/2022. More information on the guidelines can be found here. In addition, Planning staff created a webpage with previously presented material and other resources. Finally, the Attorney General issued an Advisory to clarify requirements imposed on towns and cities by the 2021 MBTA Communities Zoning Law on March 15, 2023 (Attachment A).

Requirements/Guidelines Specific to Newton

Newton is considered a "rapid transit community." This categorization, along with certain geographic considerations, is used to determine Newton's specific requirements. These are:

Newton Compliance Requirements (min.)							
Multi-family unit capacity (min.)*	Land area (min.)**	Developable station area***	% of district to be located in station area (min.)	% of contiguous land for multi-family zoning district(s) (min.)****			
8,330 units	50 acres	2,833 acres	90%	50%			

^{*}Minimum multi-family unit capacity for Newton is based on the 2020 housing stock and the applicable percentage for that municipality's community type.

To comply, Newton's submitted zoning district must meet each of the requirements above. To determine compliance, DHCD has created a <u>Compliance Model</u> for all MBTA Communities to use.

Finally, all rapid transit communities must adopt compliant zoning by December 31, 2023. Newton will need to submit a district compliance application, which includes:

- A certified copy of the municipal zoning ordinance or by-law and zoning map, including all provisions that relate to uses and structures in the multi-family zoning district.
- An estimate of multi-family unit capacity using the compliance model.

^{**}Minimum land area is 50 acres for all communities in the rapid transit, commuter rail and adjacent community types.

^{***}Developable station area is derived by taking the area of a half-mile circle around an MBTA commuter rail station, rapid transit station, or ferry terminal and removing any areas comprised of excluded land.

^{****}In all cases, at least half of the multi-family zoning district land areas must comprise contiguous lots of land.

• GIS shapefile for the multi-family zoning district.

The Compliance Model

The compliance model is the primary tool for measuring a zoning district for compliance with Section 3A of M.G.L. Chapter 40A. There are several zoning requirements in Section 3A related to district size and location, multi-family unit capacity, gross density, and other benchmarks. The compliance model ensures a standard way of evaluating and estimating multi-family zoning districts on these metrics across all MBTA communities.

The compliance model was developed to create reasonable estimates that can be used to verify compliance with Section 3A. It is not intended to be as rigorous as a full, detailed build out analysis. Therefore, while the outputs from the model provide good estimates relative to the compliance metrics, they do not provide absolute measures of development potential. The development of the model was completed with the input and assistance of consultants and other experts and key stakeholders.

At the upcoming Zoning and Planning (ZAP) meeting, Utile will present the results of inputting the Version 1.0 Village Center Overlay District (VCOD) into the compliance model.

Version 1.0 VCOD Compliance Model Results

For the purposes of this initial analysis only the <u>Version 1.0 VCOD</u> areas within 0.5 miles of a subway or commuter rail station (i.e. station area) were included. These village centers are Newton Centre, Newton Highlands, Waban, Auburndale, West Newton, and Newtonville (Attachment B). The table below shows an approximate unit capacity for the three VCOD districts for each village center:

Unit Capacity (rounded)					
Village Center	VC1	VC2	VC3		
Newton Centre	50	250	400		
Newton Highlands	40	100	150		
Waban	100	200	_		
Auburndale	40	200	100		
West Newton	100	200	650		
Newtonville	350	300	300		
Total Unit Capacity	Approximately 3,500 units				

Additional inputs factored into the unit capacity table above:

- All lots over 30,000 square feet were removed since the draft VCOD zoning requires a special permit at that size. Only unit capacity allowed by-right counts towards the MBTA Communities requirement.
- Lots in VC1 allow for a maximum of four units per lot within new construction per the updated framework presented at the <u>March 13, 2023 ZAP meeting</u>.
- All VC3 districts are modeled at 2.5 stories of residential in accordance with the Version 1.0 draft. As MBTA Communities does not permit us to require mixed-use, Version 1.0 proposed that in the VC3 districts a mixed-use project could be 4.5 stories by-right and a fully residential building could be 2.5 stories maximum in order to incentivize mixed-use. Only the 2.5 stories fully residential option counts towards the unit capacity. In the updated framework Planning has proposed designating mixed-use priority streets and either requiring or incentivizing mixed-use only along those streets.
- In accordance with Version 1.0 VCOD, parking is assumed at one space per unit.

In conjunction with unit capacity, MBTA Communities requires a compliant district to maintain an aggregate density of 15 units per acre, inclusive of rights-of-way. The table below shows the gross density of the three VCOD sub-districts, as well as the total aggregate density:

Aggregate Density (rounded)						
	VC1	VC2	VC3			
Land Area (acres)*	55	55	50			
Total Units	680	1,250	1,600			
Gross Density (est.)	12.5 units/acre	23 units/acre	32 units/acre			
Aggregate Gross Density	22 units/acre					

^{*}Includes rights-of-way

As described above there are five main criteria that Newton will need to meet to demonstrate compliance. The table below represents a snapshot of how Version 1.0 VCOD compares to the requirements. These numbers will evolve as we work on Version 2.0 VCOD and look at options for achieving compliance. If the land area is increased in order to increase the unit capacity, the area that needs to be contiguous will also increase, and the aggregate density will be adjusted. Ten percent of our land area can also be outside of a station area. As we start to get closer to a compliant district, we will have a better understanding of how much area this is and where we might want to locate it to maximize unit capacity.

Compliance Summary (rounded)						
	MBTA Requirements (min.)	Version 1.0 VCOD Results (actual)	Compliance			
Multi-family unit capacity	8,330 units	~3,500 units	NO			
Aggregate Density	15 units/acre	22 units/acre	YES			
Land area	50 acres	160 acres	YES			
% of district to be located in station area	90%	100%	YES*			
% of contiguous land for multi-family zoning district(s)	50%	35%**	NO			

^{*}Only VCOD zones within station area were tested

Possible Paths Towards MBTA Compliance

Again, the Version 1.0 VCOD does not bring Newton into MBTA Communities compliance. However, Planning staff are confident that Newton can comply and that there are different pathways available towards compliance. Below are options, both within the VCOD and in addition to it, to explore for compliance. It will likely be necessary to utilize a number of these strategies to meet all of the requirements.

VCOD Strategies:

- Eliminate parking requirements for some or all districts
- Raise the special permit threshold above 30,000 sf
- Expand VC1 boundaries
- Expand VC2 and VC3 areas
- Increase density allowed for new construction in VC1
- Limit the areas where mixed-use is required or incentivized

Additional Strategies:

- Connect some of the Green Line stations to create a contiguous district
- Connect the village centers along Washington Street to create a contiguous district
- Create new zones, based on the VCOD, that are appropriate for areas along Route 9 and Needham Street within a half-mile radius of Green Line stations

^{**}Newtonville is the largest contiguous VCOD and is used as the contiguous percentage

• Explore options for zoning golf courses for multifamily housing

Next Steps

Planning and Utile will update the model to reflect the forthcoming Version 2.0 VCOD zoning and maps and will explore some of the above strategies to understand how they impact compliance.

Attachments

Attachment A Attorney General's Advisory

Attachment B MBTA station area map with VCOD districts