

Zoning & Planning Committee Report

City of Newton In City Council

Thursday, May 13, 2021

Present: Councilors Crossley (Chair), Leary, Wright, Krintzman, Danberg, Baker, Albright and Ryan

Also Present: Councilors Bowman, Markiewicz, Greenberg, Kalis, Humphrey, Norton, Oliver, Malakie, Gentile, Lucas, and Norton

City Staff: Jonathan Yeo, Chief Operating Officer; Jonah Temple, Assistant City Solicitor; Andrew Lee, Assistant City Solicitor; Jen Caira, Deputy Planning Director, Barney Heath, Director; Planning & Development Department; Maura O'Keefe, Assistant City Solicitor; Alissa Giuliani, City Solicitor

Planning Board: Peter Doeringer (Chair), Chris Steele, Jennifer Molinsky, Kevin McCormick, Sonia Parisca, Kelley Brown, Sudha Maheshwari, James Robertson and Barney Heath

Others Present: NewTV

#145-21 Request for Chapter 30 Amendment to establish regulations for gun establishments

HER HONOR THE MAYOR AND COUNCILORS ALBRIGHT, KRINTZMAN, LEARY, OLIVER, GREENBERG, NORTON, LUCAS, KELLEY, WRIGHT, MALAKIE, MARKIEWICZ, GENTILE, DOWNS, CROSSLEY, HUMPHREY, DANBERG, NOEL, BOWMAN, LAREDO, GROSSMAN, BAKER, LIPOF, KALIS AND RYAN requesting amendments to the Newton Zoning Ordinance, Chapter 30, including, but not limited to, the addition of definitions of "Firearm" and "Firearm Businesses", and amendments to Section 4.4.1 Allowed Uses and Section 6.10 Restricted Uses to regulate the use of land, structures and buildings for the siting and operation of gun ranges or the retail or wholesale operation involving gunsmithing, the purchase or sale of firearms, the sale of ammunition, or firearms accessories, and to restrict such uses to the Business 4, Mixed Use 1, Manufacturing, and Light Manufacturing Districts only and only upon the granting of a special permit, and to establish minimum standards and criteria for the granting of such special permits.

Zoning & Planning Committee Held 8-0 on 04/26/21

Zoning & Planning Committee Held 8-0 on 05/10/21, Public Hearing Closed

Action: Zoning & Planning Committee Approved 8-0

Page 2

Note: The Committee was joined by members of the Planning and Development Board, Director of Planning and Development Barney Heath, Deputy Director of Planning and Development Jennifer Caira, City Solicitor Alissa O. Giuliani, Associate City Solicitor Maura O'Keefe, Associate City Solicitor Andrew Lee and Associate City Solicitor Jonah Temple. The Zoning & Planning Committee held a public hearing on Monday, May 10, 2021. After item #145-21 was docketed before the City Council, the public hearing was initially advertised on April 23, 2021. The effective date of the zoning ordinance amendment can be made effective retroactively to the date of the first advertisement. As such, any zoning approved under this item, will have an effective date of April 23, 2021.

The Chair noted that the draft ordinance provides the Council with extensive authority to regulate the location(s) and processes by which gun and/or firearm establishments might be able to locate in the city (location, buffering to sensitive uses, requiring a special permit). The Chair noted that although there additional items have been docketed for acceptance to the City Council Docket on Monday, May 17, 2021. The proposed docket items may or may not be considered under #145-21. It was noted that a zoning ordinance that responds to docket item #145-21 is the only ordinance that may be made effective as of April 23, 2021.

City Solicitor Alissa O. Giuliani addressed the Committee on the pending amendment(s). She explained that that an act by any local government to completely prohibit the purchase and/or sale of firearms in the City will be challenged and will likely be found unconstitutional. The Law Department has worked with local and national experts to review statutes and case law. Atty. Giuliani noted that a ban will not withstand a legal challenge and could create a precedent with wide-ranging negative impact. She explained that litigation of a local ban could have unintended consequences to communities nationwide and could result in diminishing the City's ability to regulate gun stores through zoning. A full copy of her statement is attached to the end of this report.

Deputy Director of Planning and Development Jen Caira provided a review of the recommended option and key elements of the proposed ordinance. A copy of her full presentation can be found at the end of this report. Ms. Caira noted that the proposed ordinance is the most robust and restrictive of other community's firearms regulations that the Planning and Law Departments have reviewed and considered. The proposed zoning ordinance resulted from a citywide analysis in order to identify areas of the city furthest from a list of the most sensitive uses. The recommended option #5, limits firearm businesses to the BU2, MU4 and M districts, includes a 1,000 foot buffer from schools, childcare uses, colleges and universities, religious uses, libraries, hospitals and nursing homes, as well as a 150' buffer from residential uses. Three areas that fall outside of those buffers are shown on the attached map. Ms. Caira noted that for a location to be considered, the entire building must be outside the buffer zone, which further reduces the number of possible locations. As uses in the City change over time, the map will change, and Planning would reassess the buffer zones at the time an application may be submitted. In addition, any application for a firearm business within the City would be subject to a Special Permit, require additional thorough, site-specific analysis at that time.

Page 3

Ms. Caira explained that as part of the special permit process, applicants would be required to submit a description of activities, lighting analysis, a comprehensive sign package, a context map showing all properties within 1000' and a description of the operation and ownership. She presented all required findings and special permit criteria that would be applied to any special permit applications for firearm businesses.

With respect to sensitive uses, the proposed ordinance requires a buffer from sensitive uses located within Newton. Ms. Caira noted that neighboring communities do not have firearm zoning regulations. She explained that the draft ordinance can be modified to consider sensitive locations outside of Newton (but within the buffer zone) but stated that this would result in a reduction of the buffering zones within the City. Ms. Caira noted that adding sensitive uses outside the City would likely result in the creation of more opportunities within the City limits.

In response to questions from Committee members, Atty. Giuliani confirmed that the City may not require a Host Community Agreement as a condition of approval, and that the City does not have the authority to regulate signage outside of the City limits.

It was noted that a new item calling for a prohibition of firearms business within the City was docketed in order to respond to the majority of speakers at the public hearing who spoke against having a gun store in Newton. Council will consider accepting this item on its May 17, 2021 docket. A councilor suggested that creating zoning districts for firearms businesses will allow for them in locations where residents are powerless.

One Councilor suggested that if firearms are banned within the City, but the ban were to be challenged and loses, that there could be a provision allowing for the automatic enactment of a comprehensive zoning ordinance for firearms. However, other Councilors emphasized their desire to protect members of the community and agreed that there is no good place within the City for a firearm business but acknowledged the importance of making sure the ordinance passed is strong, but defensible.

Atty. Lee responded to the suggestion that there could be an "alternate zoning ordinance". He noted that any alternative would be viewed as an amendment, not as an alternate. Solicitor Giuliani reiterated that any new or subsequent zoning ordinance would be viewed as an amendment and would supersede whichever ordinance was first approved.

Atty. O'Keefe responded to questions from the Planning Board relative to the requirement for a "10-day waiting period" prior to buying a firearm. She explained that there is an existing (state mandated) background check process. Applicants must submit a license to carry. The Police Department conducts the background check which is subject to input from the Mass Department of Public Health, a nationwide security check, a national warrant system and a review of fingerprint results from the State police. At the point of purchase, there is a secondary, redundant background check to ensure that there were no changes to the applicant's background information during the waiting period.

Page 4

It was noted that some uses (i.e., adult entertainment, marijuana) are prohibited in sensitive locations that include Conservation areas and walking routes to school. A Councilor questioned whether the Council should consider additional sensitive locations both within and outside the City. Ms. Caira explained that there are some school routes mapped by Safe Routes to School, but additional analysis would be necessary. Atty. Temple reiterated to the Committee that the City can consider uses proximate to the site of a proposed firearm business during the special permit process. He noted that it is difficult to implement zoning for buffer zones outside of Newton and noted that some adjacent communities do not have any firearm zoning regulations and could locate on the line.

Councilors emphasized the importance and their desire to ensure that no firearm businesses are able to locate near any sensitive locations, both within and across City borders. Atty. Temple confirmed that maintaining the language of the special permit criteria in its current form, as broad as possible, allows for considerable discretion by the Council during the special permit process.

Councilor Krintzman motioned to amend the item the main item for Alternative #5 to include the following language as part of the special permit criteria.

"The location and operations characteristics of the proposed use promotes and will not be detrimental to, the public health, safety, and welfare of the neighborhood or the City."

His motion carried unanimously. Councilor Krintzman suggested an amendment to section D of the additional special permit criteria as shown below.

"The establishment is designed to minimize impacts to abutters or children walking to school."

Atty. Temple noted that this can already be considered in special permit finding "E" and noted that this modification may not be necessary. Councilors expressed support for the amendment. The recommended a modification in the language and Councilor Krintzman motioned to amend the language in section D as shown below.

"The establishment is designed to minimize impacts to abutters or pedestrians."

The Committee voted unanimously in favor of accepting this modified language.

With respect to the hours of operation, the Chair noted that the Council has the authority to limit hours of operation during the special permit process. Atty. Temple reiterated that additional restrictions in the zoning ordinance creates additional opportunities for the ordinance to be challenged. He reiterated that the Committee could restrict the hours of operation to 10:00 am – 6:00 pm during the special permit process. The Committee took a straw poll with five Committee members in support of restricting the hours of operation to 10:00 am to 7:00 pm.

Zoning & Planning Committee Report Thursday, May 13, 2021 Page 5

President Albright moved approval of Alternative #5 as amended and the Zoning & Planning Committee voted unanimously in favor of approval. Chair of the Planning and Development Board called for a motion from the P&D members. Ms. Parisca motioned to recommend approval of the Planning Department's recommended "Alternative #5" as the ordinance regulating firearm business uses, including the amendments approved by the Zoning & Planning Committee under Council Docket item #145-21. With that, the P&D Board voted 6-0-1 (Director Heath abstaining).

The Chair emphasized gratitude for the extensive analysis and expeditious and thoughtful work done by the Planning Department and the Law Department. The recommendation by the Zoning & Planning Committee is subject to a vote by the City Council on Monday, May 17, 2021.

With that, The Committee adjourned at 10:00 pm.

Respectfully Submitted,

Deborah J. Crossley, Chair

STATEMENT OF CITY SOLICITOR ALISSA GIULIANI, ESQ. ZONING & PLANNING COMMITTEE MEETING May 13, 2021 7:00 P.M.

Good evening Councilors:

Tonight I am joined by Attorneys Maura O'Keefe and Andrew Lee and we are pleased to be with you again as you consider the important zoning amendment before you. I hope information that the Planning and Law Departments have shared with you helps in your decision making. The Law Dept. specifically has fielded questions from many of you individually or from residents and we have updated the Frequently Asked Questions to share some of those answers with the public. One of the questions that we have answered here and in the FAQs is why can't the City go more restrictive and just ban gun sales all together.

I understand that a number of Councilors have docketed a separate item proposing such a ban on gun shops in the City. Under open meeting law, your deliberations tonight are limited to the docket item before you and the separate item will be the subject of another committee discussion such as this. But I would like to address in general the question of "Why not ban all gun retail in the City and see how the Courts decide the issue?"

As I stated during this Committee's initial meeting on this item, any act by local government to completely prohibit the sale and purchase of firearms within the City will be challenged and will likely be found unconstitutional. Our office has reviewed the statutes, federal and state case law, and consulted with experts in firearm regulation at both the state and federal level. Based on our research, our legal analysis and guidance from experts, we stand by our conclusion that a complete ban on the sale of guns in Newton would not withstand a legal challenge.

Some have said "But the law is unsettled and we should give it a try." Our advice against pursuing this in the courts is not just based on the law but on the adverse impacts that a lost battle could very likely bring to bear not just on Newton, but on communities across the country.

If the City decides to fight for a ban, and the City loses - it will create bad law and an unfortunate precedent with wide-ranging impact.

Given the current state of 2nd Amendment jurisprudence in this country, litigation of a local ban on gun sales could set the stage for a legal decision that limits the broad authority that localities now have to regulate business of this nature or, even more broadly, finds that selling guns is indeed a constitutionally protected right. A decision along those lines would put Newton and other cities in the position of having to ensure protections and opportunities for those who sell guns within their borders. The overturning of a ban would also likely result in a greater number of firearm stores within the City as there would be no strict regulation and zoning buffers to fall back on. And with such a decision, it is unlikely the City would enjoy the same authority it has now to enact reasonable restrictions on the sale of guns to protect its citizens from a proliferation of commercial firearms businesses within the community.

Put bluntly, when considering the risks of litigation in the name of fighting the good fight, the real risk here is that the City's ability to regulate gun stores could be diminished, if not removed entirely, and that decision would impact every community in the country.

So what we continue to advise, is that the Council work within the constraints of the law and create reasonable yet stringent restrictions that protect the community. As you have seen, our office has heard the concerns of the City Council and, along with the Planning Department, we have offered a zoning amendment that pushes boundaries of regulation and limited opportunity to the greatest extent defensible without placing the City of Newton in a position that could see these boundaries eradicated by a difficult decision of a higher court.

We look forward to hearing your deliberations on this tonight and we will be listening for questions that we can respond to here or at a later date.

Thank you.

Firearm Business Zoning Amendment

Zoning and Planning Committee &

Planning and Development Board

May 13, 2021

Planning & Development Department

Public Hearing Follow Up

- Review of Recommended Option
- Key elements of proposed ordinance
- Sensitive uses outside of Newton's borders

Summary

- Proposed ordinance is the most robust and restrictive of all the firearm ordinances reviewed
- Giffords Law Center to Prevent Gun Violence, a leading national advocate against gun violence, is supportive of the approach
- Citywide zoning analysis is just one aspect, any proposal for a firearm business would undergo a thorough site-specific review and public hearing as part of the Special Permit process
- Special Permit is a discretionary process, and the City Council must be able to find the proposal meets certain criteria to in order to approve

Recommended Alternative

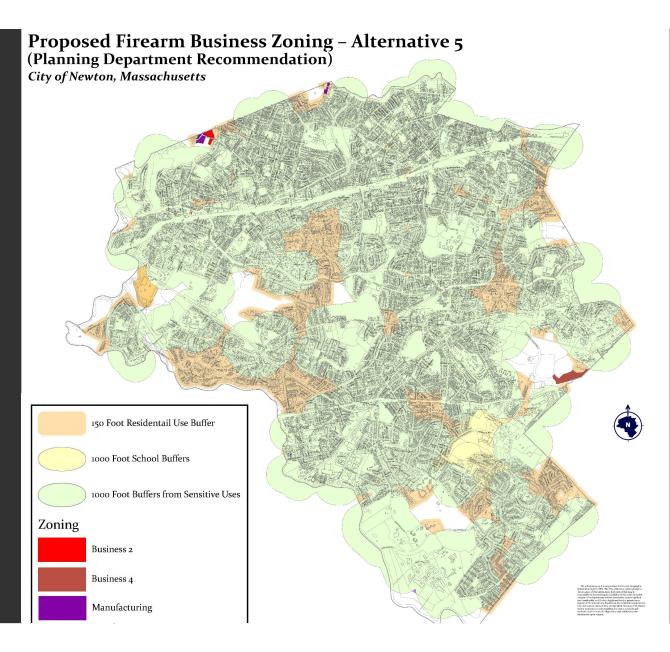
- BU2, BU4 and M districts
- 1,000-foot buffer from schools, colleges and universities, childcare uses, religious uses, parks, playgrounds, libraries, hospitals, and nursing homes
- 150-foot buffer from residential uses

BU2, BU4 & M districts

150-foot Residential Buffers

1,000-foot Buffer for schools, all childcare uses, colleges and universities, parks and playgrounds, libraries, hospitals, nursing homes

Does not include marijuana or liquor

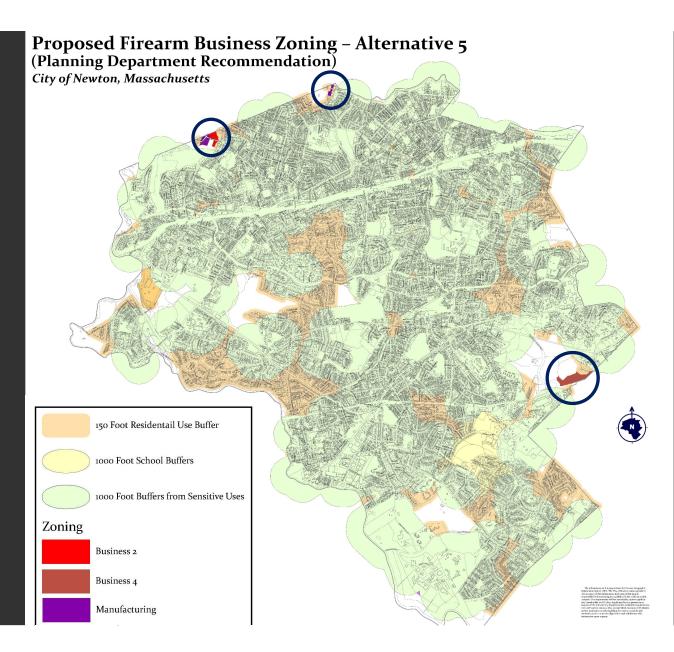


BU2, BU4 & M districts

150-foot Residential Buffers

1,000-foot Buffer for schools, all childcare uses, colleges and universities, parks and playgrounds, libraries, hospitals, nursing homes

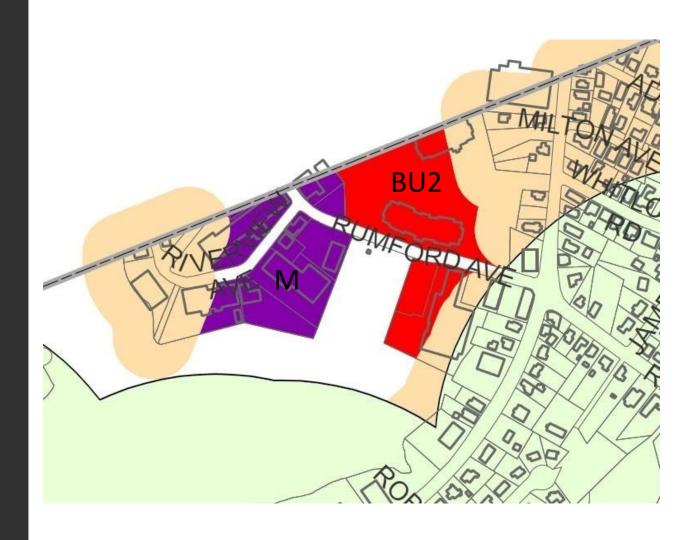
Does not include marijuana or liquor



150-foot Residential Buffers

1,000-foot Buffer for schools, all childcare uses, colleges and universities, parks and playgrounds, libraries, hospitals, nursing homes

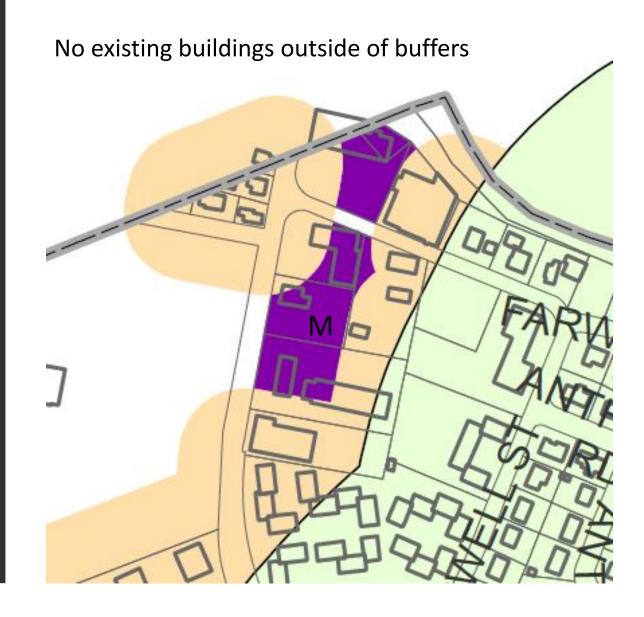
Does not include marijuana or liquor



150-foot Residential Buffers

1,000-foot Buffer for schools, all childcare uses, colleges and universities, parks and playgrounds, libraries, hospitals, nursing homes

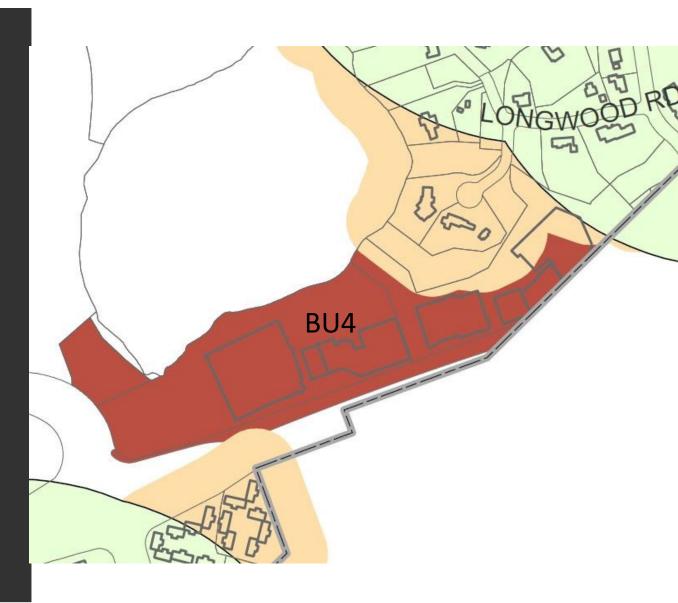
Does not include marijuana or liquor



150-foot Residential Buffers

1,000-foot Buffer for schools, all childcare uses, colleges and universities, parks and playgrounds, libraries, hospitals, nursing homes

Does not include marijuana or liquor



Special Permit Review

- Additional application requirements
- Standards
- Criteria for Approval

Special Permit Application

In addition to standard requirements, applications must include:

- Description of activities
- Lighting analysis
- Context map showing all properties and land uses within 1,000' radius
- Description of ownership, management, and employees
- Comprehensive Signage Plan

Additional materials may be required dependent upon the nature of the application or location

Proposed Standards

Must be met by all firearm businesses:

- No firearm or accessory images or graphics visible from the exterior
- City Council review and approval of signage (size, type, location)
- City Council may restrict hours of operation
- NPD must review and approve security and operations and management plans
- Require background checks on employees
- Limit minors from entering store
- Require video of firearm sales

Special Permit Criteria

The City Council must find that the proposed firearm business meets all criteria in order to approve

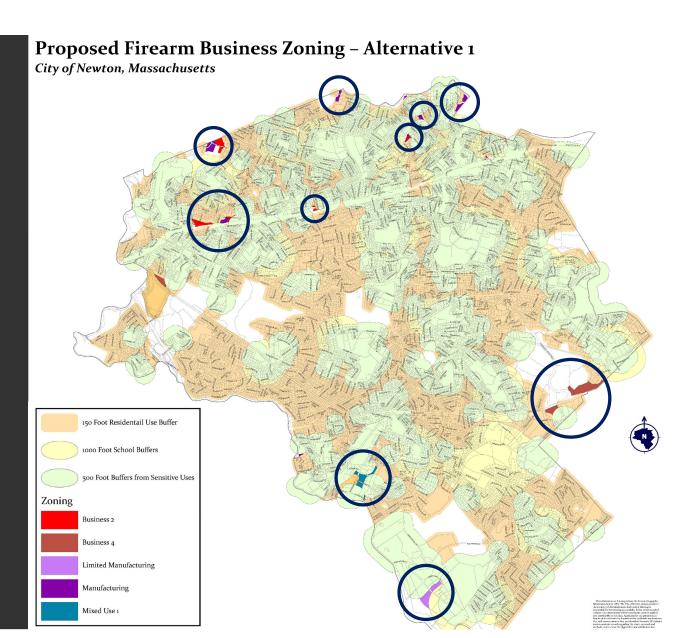
- The specific site is an appropriate location for such use, structure;
- The use as developed and operated will not adversely affect the neighborhood;
- There will be no nuisance or serious hazard to vehicles or pedestrians; and
- Access to the site over streets is appropriate for the types and numbers of vehicles involved
- The location and operating characteristics of the proposed use promotes and, will not be detrimental to, the public health, safety and welfare of the neighborhood and the City.
- The location will have adequate and safe storage, security, and a lighting system;

- The lot is designed such that it provides convenient, safe and secure access and egress for clients and employees arriving to and leaving from the lot;
- Loading, refuse, and service areas are designed to be secure and shielded from abutting uses;
- The firearm business is designed to minimize any adverse impacts on abutters; and
- The firearms business has satisfied all of the conditions and requirements of this ordinance.
- The firing range use will not result in adverse impacts due to noise, hazardous materials, or air quality.

Sensitive Uses outside of Newton's Borders

- The proposed ordinance only requires a buffer from sensitive uses located within Newton
- Neighboring communities do not have firearm zoning regulations
- Special permit analysis can take into consideration specific nearby uses when determining if the site is an appropriate location
- Extending buffer requirement to uses outside of Newton would necessitate reducing buffer distances within Newton

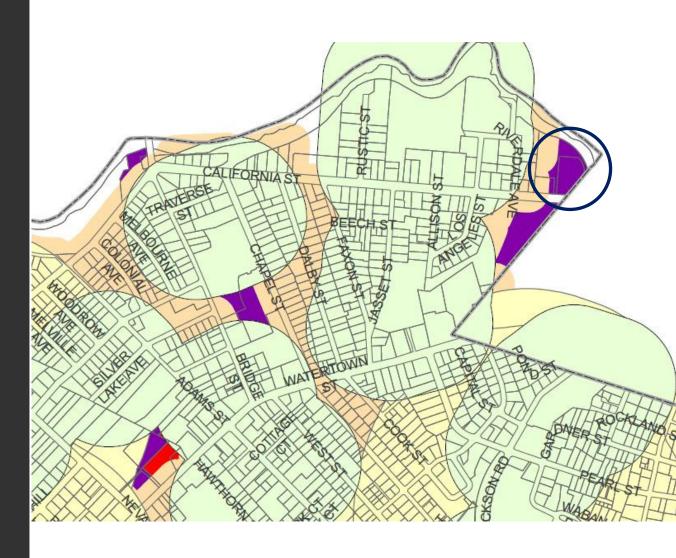
BU2, BU4, LM, M, MU1 districts
150-foot Residential buffers
1,000-foot k-12 school buffer
500-foot Buffer for all childcare uses, colleges and universities, parks and playgrounds, libraries, hospitals, nursing homes





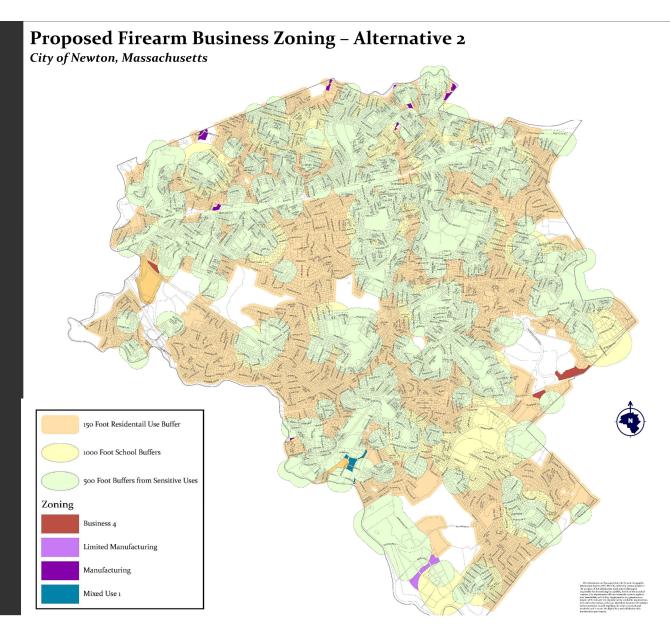
- ZAP and Planning Board to vote on proposed zoning amendment
- City Council vote
- If adopted zoning amendment would be effective as of April 23, 2021

BU2, BU4, LM, M, MU1 districts
150-foot Residential buffers
1,000-foot k-12 school buffer
500-foot Buffer for all childcare uses, colleges and universities, parks and playgrounds, libraries, hospitals, nursing homes



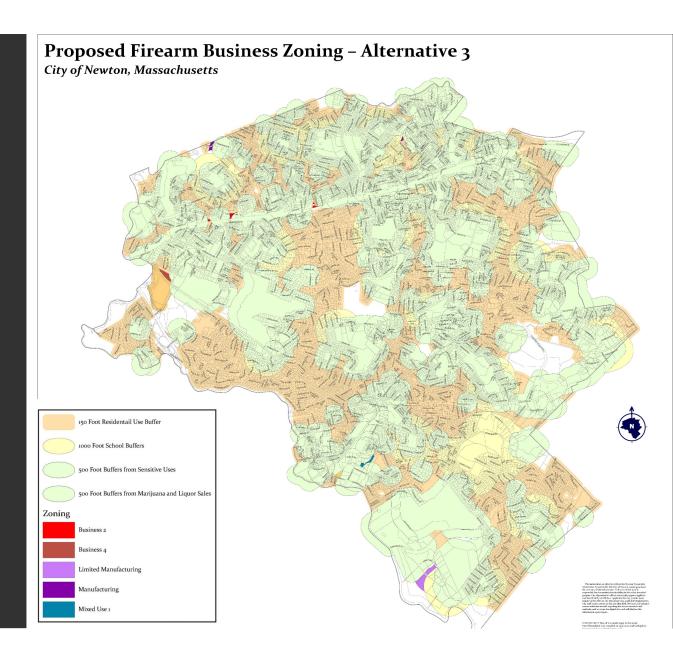
[Same as Alt 1 but without BU2]

BU2, BU4, LM, M, MU1 districts
150-foot Residential buffers
1,000-foot k-12 school buffer
500-foot Buffer for all childcare uses, colleges and universities, parks and playgrounds, libraries, hospitals, nursing homes



[Same as Alt 1 but with marijuana and liquor licenses]

BU2, BU4, LM, M, MU1 districts
150-foot Residential buffers
1,000-foot k-12 school buffer
500-foot Buffer for all childcare uses, colleges and universities, parks and playgrounds, libraries, hospitals, nursing homes, marijuana retailers, liquor licenses



[Same as Alt 1 but with 250-foot residential buffer]

BU2, BU4, LM, M, MU1 districts

250-foot Residential buffers

1,000-foot k-12 school buffer

500-foot Buffer for all childcare uses, colleges and universities, parks and playgrounds, libraries, hospitals, nursing homes

